(2) collected March 24, 1968 on a -0.6 ft. tide at Pigeon Point, San Mateo County, California; 22.2 mm long and 16.5 mm wide in alcohol.

Unless otherwise noted all of the specimens listed above were collected by the authors and are in their private collection.

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## New Range for

Mopalia hindsi recurvans BARNAWELL, 1960

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PREVIOUSLY Mopalia hindsi recurvans BARNAWELL, 1960 has been restricted in recorded locality to San Francisco Bay, California. BARNAWELL states that he found the subspecies living with M. h. hindsi (Reeve, 1847) which outnumbered the new taxon by a ratio of 9:1. In recent months, while we were collecting on the breakwater at Doran County Park, Bodega Bay, California we obtained a number of this subspecies. This extends the recorded range 14 miles to the north and indicates that this subspecies is not limited to the San Francisco Bay as previously believed. This time M. h. recurvans outnumbered M. h. hindsi by a ratio of 4: 1. Another interesting fact was that the subspecies M. h. recurvans was found living on the channel side of the breakwater where the current was fairly strong and the water clear while the M. h. hindsi were generally found on the bay side of the breakwater where the water was calmer but the animals were covered with mud and silt. However, this was not the case in 100% of the instances.

Specimens from the Bodega Bay colony were compared with Paratypes nos. 2 and 3 in the California Academy of Sciences collection (CAS nos. 12141 and 12142) and were found to be identical. The taxonomic characteristics

mentioned by BARNAWELL (1960) are easily noted in this colony. With both *Mopalia hindsi hindsi* and *M. h. re-i curvans* living in the same locality and with a strong preference for a certain ecological location it would seem that there is a good case for raising the subspecies to specific rank. Further study may resolve the problem.

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# Range Extension of Tylodina fungina in the Gulf of California

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ON MAY 23, 1969, one living specimen of *Tylodina fungina* GABB, 1865 was obtained while we were SCUBA diving in 30 feet of water on the west side of Isla Espíritu Santo in the Gulf of California, Mexico. It was found on a sponge with a purple surface on an area where the yellow internal tissues were exposed, thus suggesting feeding activity by the opisthobranch. The interior tissues of the sponge were similar in color and texture to *Verongia thiona* de Laubenfels, 1930, the sponge upon which *Tylodina* occurs in southern California (Lance, 1961).

Tylodina fungina has been reported from the Gulf of California only once before (DuShane, 1966). In this instance one specimen was collected intertidally at Guaymas, about 300 miles due north of Isla Espíritu Santo. Tylodina has been reported along the Pacific coast from Cayucos, California, to Todos Santos, Mexico (Sphon & Lance, 1968).

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